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Physiology Lessons  
for use with the  
Biopac Student Lab

PC under Windows® 98SE, Me, 2000 Pro  
or Macintosh® 8.6 – 9.1

**Manual Revision**  
**PL3.6.7-ML3.0.7/011904**

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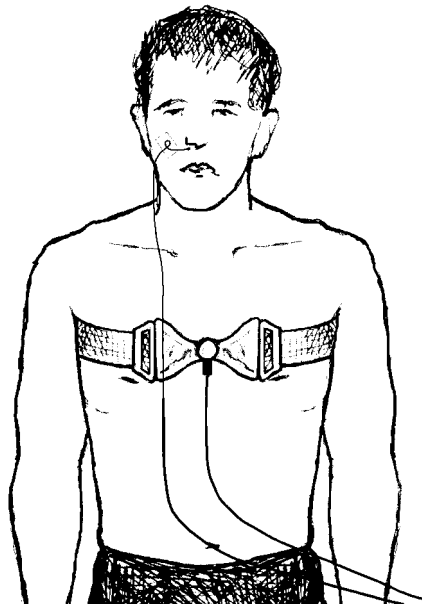
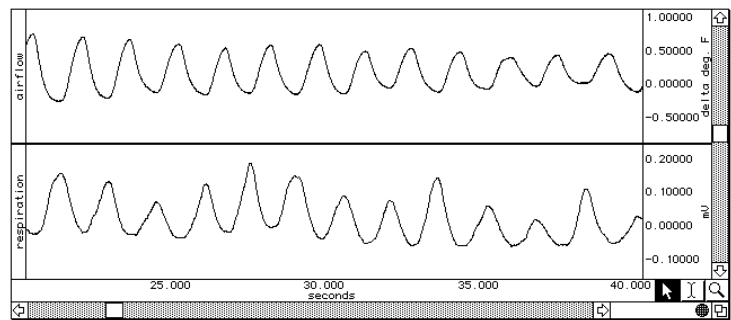
**Lesson 8 Data Report**

**RESPIRATORY CYCLE I**

*Respiratory Rates*

*Relative Depths of Breathing*

*Regulation of Ventilation*



Lesson 8

# RESPIRATORY CYCLE I

## DATA REPORT

Student's Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Lab Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

### I. Data and Calculations

#### Subject Profile

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Height \_\_\_\_\_

Age \_\_\_\_\_

Weight \_\_\_\_\_

Gender: Male / Female

#### A. Eupnea (Normal Breathing - Segment I)

Complete Table 8.1 with values for each cycle and calculate the Means.

**Table 8.1**

Rate	Measurement	CH. #	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3	Mean
<b>Inspiration Duration</b>	$\Delta T$	CH 40				
<b>Expiration Duration</b>	$\Delta T$	CH 40				
<b>Total Duration</b>	$\Delta T$	CH 40				
<b>Breathing Rate</b>	<b>BPM</b>	CH 40				

## B. Comparison of Ventilation Rates (Segments 2-4)

Complete Table 8.2 with measurements from CH 40 for three cycles of each segment and calculate the Means where indicated.

Table 8.2

Note:  $\Delta T$  is cycle duration, BPM is breathing rate, and Cough has only one cycle

Measurement	Hyperventilation Segment 2		Hypoventilation Segment 3		Cough Segment 4		Read Aloud Segment 4	
	$\Delta T$	BPM	$\Delta T$	BPM	$\Delta T$	BPM	$\Delta T$	BPM
Cycle 1								
Cycle 2								
Cycle 3								
Mean								

## C. Relative Ventilation Depths (Segments 1-4)

Table 8.3

Depth	Cycle 1	Cycle 2	Cycle 3	Mean
	p-p [CH 40]			Calculate
<b>Eupnea</b> <i>Segment 1</i>				
<b>Hyperventilation</b> <i>Segment 2</i>				
<b>Hypoventilation</b> <i>Segment 3</i>				
<b>Cough</b> <i>Segment 4</i>				

## D. Association of Respiratory Depth and Temperature (Segments 1-3)

Table 8.4

Measurement	Channel	Eupnea Segment 1	Hyperventilation Segment 2	Hypoventilation Segment 3
Peak $\Delta T$ emp	CH 2 P-P			
$\Delta T$ between Max inspiration and Peak $\Delta T$ emp	CH 40 $\Delta T$			

**II. Questions**

E. If the subject had held their breath immediately after hyperventilation and hypoventilation, would the subject hold their breath longer after hyperventilation or hypoventilation? Why?

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F. After a brief period of hyperventilation, “apnea vera” occurs.

i. Define hyperventilation

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ii. Define apnea vera.

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iii. Describe the feedback loop causing apnea vera.

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G. i. What changes occur in the body with hypoventilation?

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ii. How does the body adjust rate and depth of ventilation to counteract the effects of hypoventilation?

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H. In which part of the respiratory cycle is temperature:

Highest? \_\_\_\_\_ Lowest? \_\_\_\_\_

Explain why temperature varies with the respiratory cycle.

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I. Describe or define cough in terms of modification of the breathing cycle.

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J. What modifications of the breathing cycle occur when reading aloud? Why?

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K. Refer to Table 8.1 data: During eupnea, did the subject inspire immediately after the end of expiration or was there a pause? Explain the stimulus and mechanism to initiate inspiration.

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L. Referring to Table 8.3 data: Are there differences in the relative ventilation depths?

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**End of Lesson 8 Data Report**