





How to get Great Electrocardiography (ECG) Data

Frazer Findlay

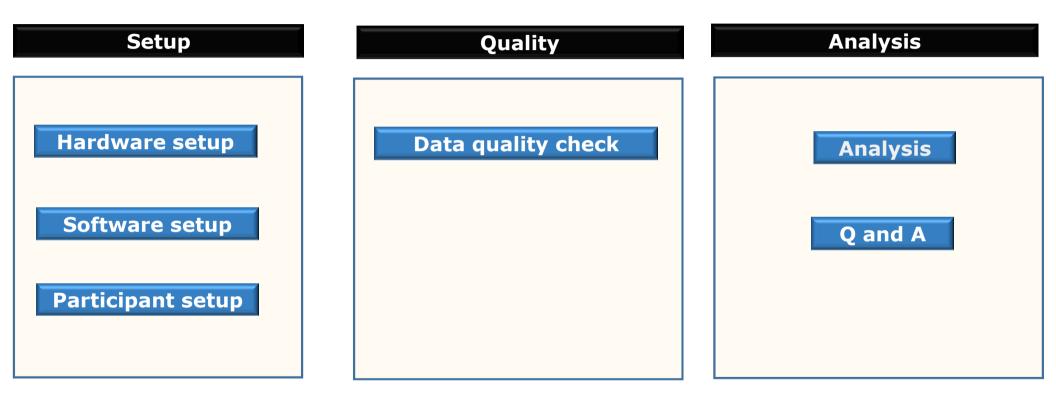


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Our Agenda Today





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Hardware Components MP150 – Wired



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Hardware Components

MP150 – Wired 6-LEAD



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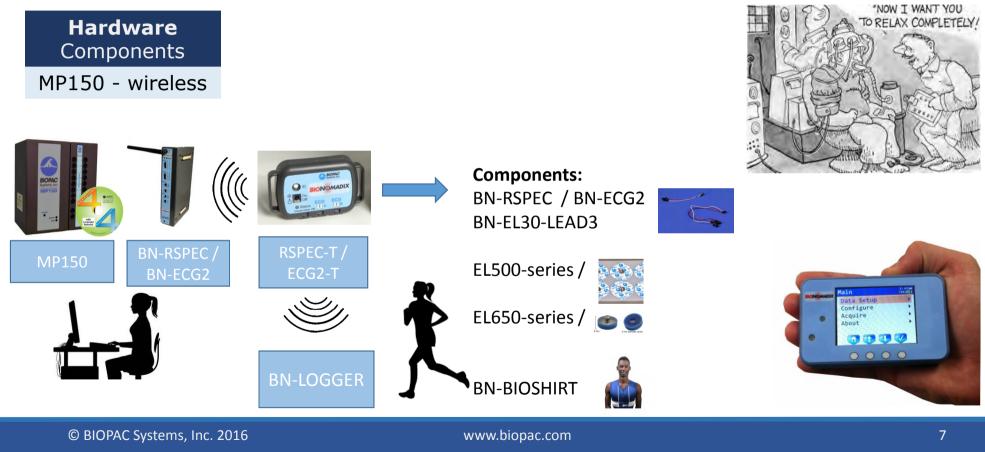
Hardware Components

MP150 – 12-LEAD ECG

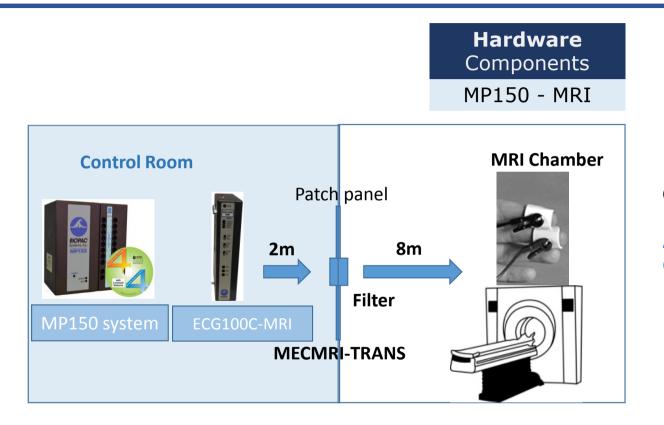


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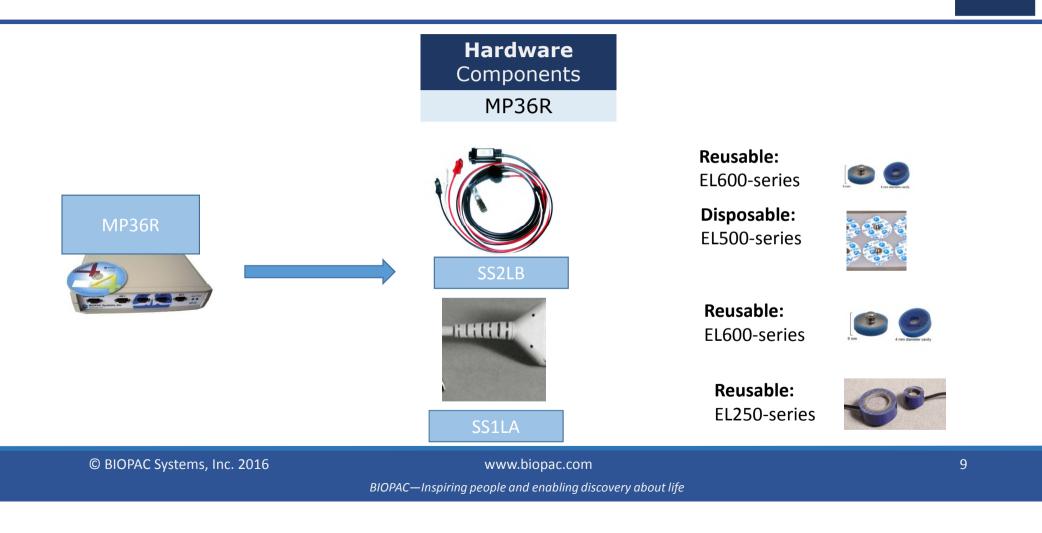
Components:

Amplifier: ECG100C-MRI, Cables and filter: MECMRI-TRANS Leads: 3xLEAD108B Electrodes : EL508

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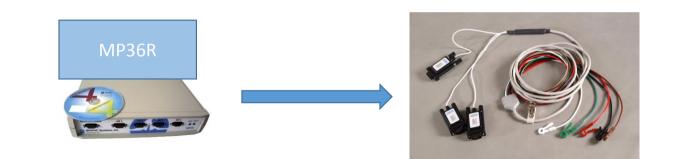
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Hardware Components MP36R – 6-LEAD



SS29L

Reusable: EL600-series



Disposable: EL500-series

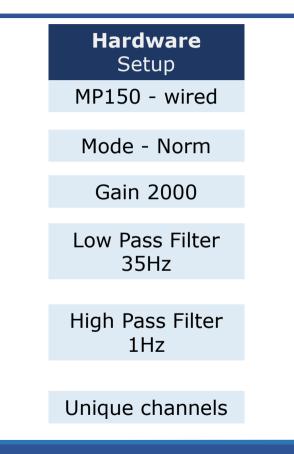


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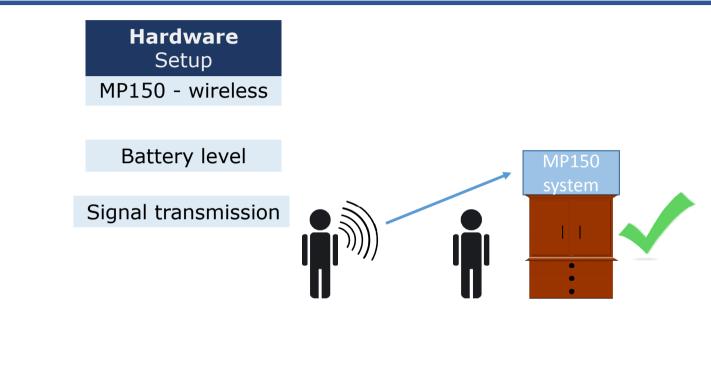


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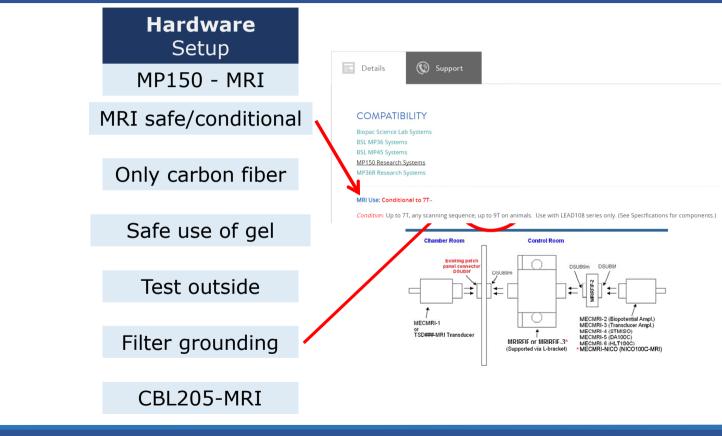


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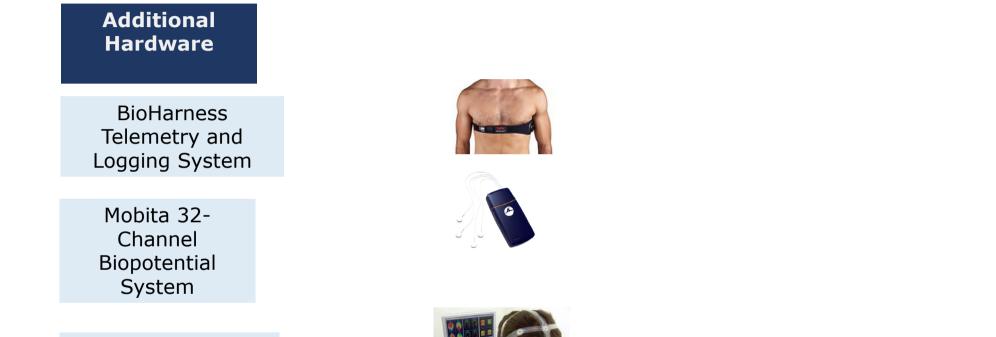




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B-Alert Wireless EEG System



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Software Setup
Channel setup MP150

	a 1	Data Acquisition Setting	as for two mardware	
What would you like to do?		Channels Length/Rate	Analog Digital Calculation	
Create/Record a new experiment		Event Marking	Add New Module	
C Open a graph file		Segment Labels Stimulator	Module Label D 1 Transducers	Us
C BioNomadix Logger		Trigger Sound Feedback		
		Sound r Claback		
Click "OK" to perform the following:				
Create empty graph			AcqKnowledge	
C Create new actigraphy analysis			What type of module should be added?	
C Create new stellar telemetry experiment			ACCL3-R	
C Open graph template from disk			BIO100C	
C Use recent graph template:			C02100C DA100C	
Control template.gtl (Flow, Pass, Poes, Pol).gtl Mobile.gtl aga.gtl Untitled1.gtl	⇒		DYNEM-R EBILOOC ECGIODC and ECGIOOC-MRI ECG2-R EDA100C-MRI EEG100C-MRI EEG20R ECG100C-MRI EEG2-R ECG100C-MRI ECG2-R ECG100C	
C Sample graph template:				
Mobita_Q01_ECG.gtl Mobita_Q02_EEG.gtl Mobita_Q02_EEG.gtl Output Q01_EG.gtl Q01 EEG.gtl Q02 Evolved Responses.gtl Q03 EEG Event Potentials.GTL Q04 Nerve Conduction.GTL Q06 AveNerve A Jawaet.GTL			Apply data alignment corrections View by Channels Manually configured channels: None Occupied of	► channels: 0/16
Quit OK			Save as Graph Template	e Close

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Software Setup		Data Acquisition Sett	Ings for 'No Hardware'
Channel setup MP150	AcqKnowledge - ECG100C Configuration	Event Marking Segment Labels Stimulator Trigger Sound Feedback	Add New Module Module Label O a Transducers Us ECG100C and ECG100C-MRI
AcqKnowledge - Choose Channel Switch Position What is the position of the red channel switch on the top of the module? 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16	 1000 2000 5000 Mode: R WAVE NORM 35HzLPN: On / 35HzLPN Off / 150HzLP HP: O 1, 5Hz / 1.0 Hz 		
Chosen channel:	2 OK Cancel	3	Im Apply data alignment corrections Wew by Channels Manually configured channels: 1/16

Save as Graph Template...

Close



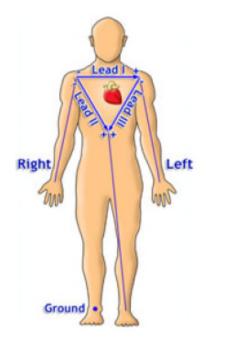
Coffeenance	Data Acquisition S	ettings for 'MP150 0012A5'					_ 🗆 🗙
Software Setup	Channels Lenath/Rate Event Marking Segment Labels Stimulator	Record Sample rate: 2000	and Append	▼ us	ing Memory	×	
-	Stimulator Trigger Sound Feedback	Acquisition Length: 1800.000000	seconds	samples/sec	(322002546 Samples m	iax)	
Channel setup MP150		Repeat every 0.00000	seconds	For	_ 1	times	
	1					Save as Graph Template	Close

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Lead Configuration



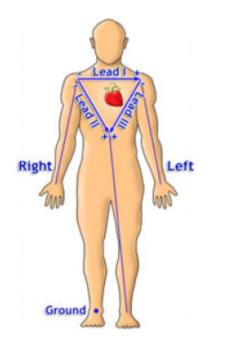
Lead	Polarity
Lead I	right arm (-) to left arm (+)
Lead II	right arm (-) to left leg (+)
Lead III	left arm (-) to left leg (+)



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Lead Configuration



If you record LEAD I and LEAD III, you can calculate LEAD II

LEAD I + LEAD III = LEAD II

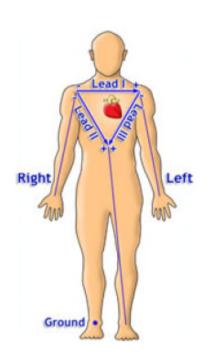
Use the Expression calculation to calculate the 3rd Lead, plus the Augmented leads.



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Augmented LEAD Calculations



aVR = (Lead I + Lead II)/2 aVL = (Lead I - Lead III)/2 = Lead I - ((Lead II)/2) aVF = (Lead II + Lead III)/2 = Lead II - ((Lead I)/2)



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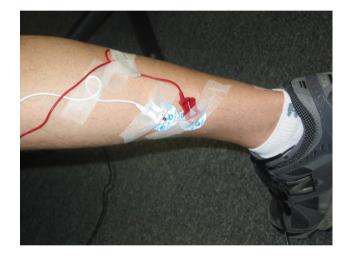
Subject Preparation



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Subject Preparation







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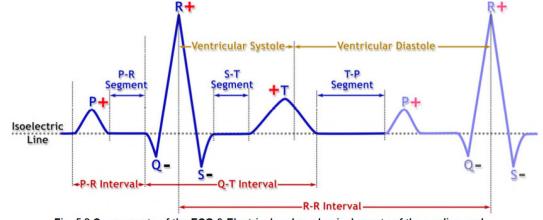


Fig. 5.2 Components of the ECG & Electrical and mechanical events of the cardiac cycle

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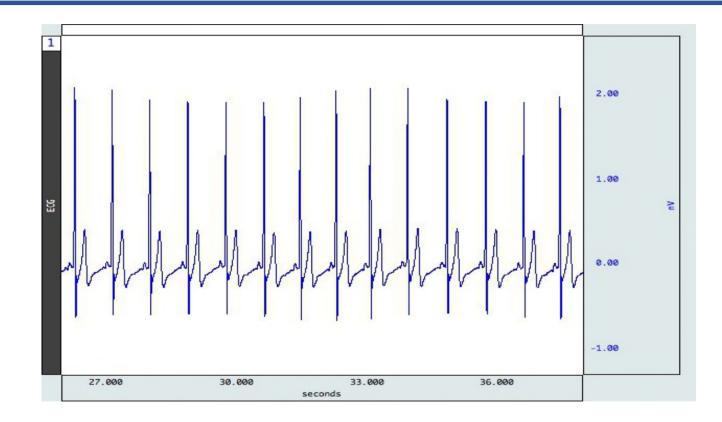
ECG COMPONENT		Measurement area	Represent	Duration (seconds)	Amplitude (millivolts)
	P	begin and end on isoelectric line (baseline); normally upright in standard limb leads	depolarization of the right and left atria.	0.07 - 0.18	< 0.25
Waves	QRS complex	begin and end on isoelectric line (baseline) from start of Q wave to end of S wave	depolarization of the right and left ventricles. Atrial repolarization is also part of this segment, but the electrical signal for atrial repolarization is masked by the larger QRS complex (see Fig. 5.2)	0.06 – 0.12	0.10 - 1.50
	т	begin and end on isoelectric line (baseline)	repolarization of the right and left ventricles.	0.10 - 0.25	< 0.5
	P-R	from start of P wave to start of QRS complex	time from the onset of atrial depolarization to the onset of ventricular depolarization.	0.12-0.20	
Intervals	Q-T	from start of QRS complex to end of T wave	time from onset of ventricular depolarization to the end of ventricular repolarization. It represents the refractory period of the ventricles.	0.32-0.36	
	R-R	from peak of R wave to peak of succeeding R wave	time between two successive ventricular depolarizations.	0.80	
	P-R	from end of P wave to start of QRS complex	time of impulse conduction from the AV node to the ventricular myocardium.	0.02 - 0.10	
Segments	S-T	between end of S wave and start of T wave	period of time representing the early part of ventricular repolarization during which ventricles are more or less uniformly excited.	< 0.20	
S	T-P	from end of T wave to start of successive P wave	time from the end of ventricular repolarization to the onset of atrial depolarization.	0.0 - 0.40	

Notes: Tabled values represent results from a typical Lead II setup (wrist and ankle electrode placement) with Subject heart rate ~75 BPM. Values are influenced by heart rate and placement, values for torso placement would be different.

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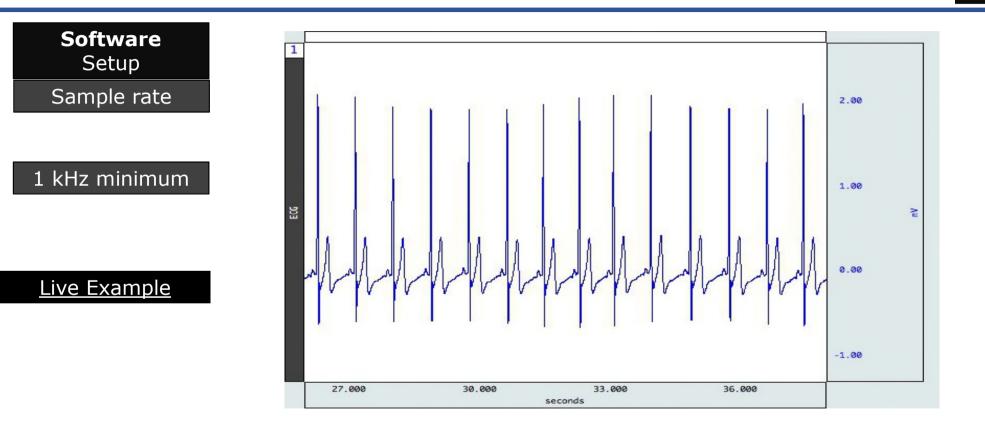


Poll: What is the environment for your experiment?

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Questions and Answers

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-Join us on Thursday, July 28th @ 8am Pacific -Register at www.biopac.com/webinars

Thank you for your time and attention!

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